

Our Place Inner West

Draft Local Housing Strategy

https://yoursay.innerwest.nsw.gov.au/local-housing-strategy



INNER WEST COUNCIL

Evidence Base Studies

Eastern City District Plan

Preliminaries

DCP Alignment LSPS

Locality Based Studies

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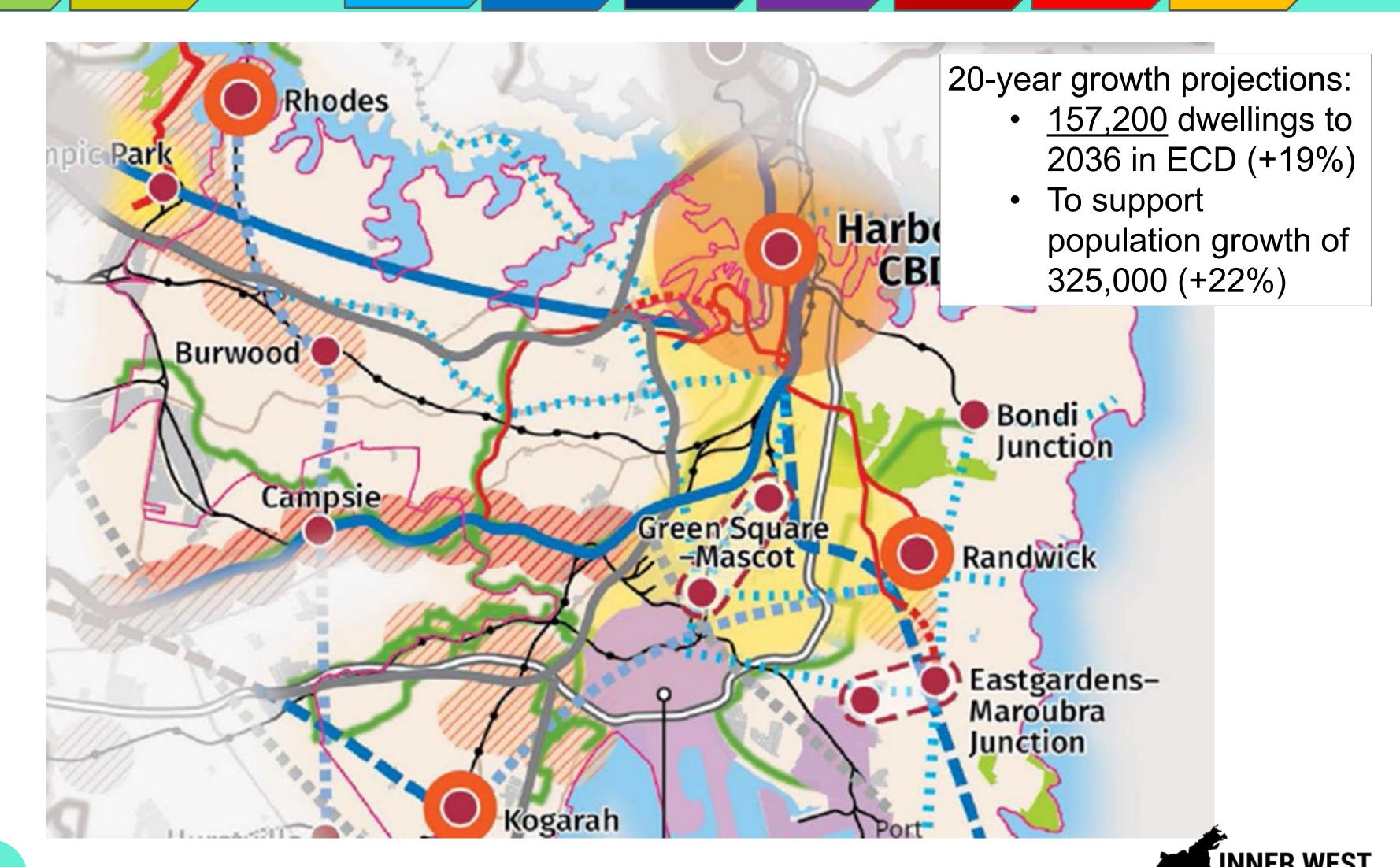
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Evidence Base Studies

Sydney and the Inner West are growing

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Figure 16 Inner West population projections, DPE 2016 and Forecast id. 2017

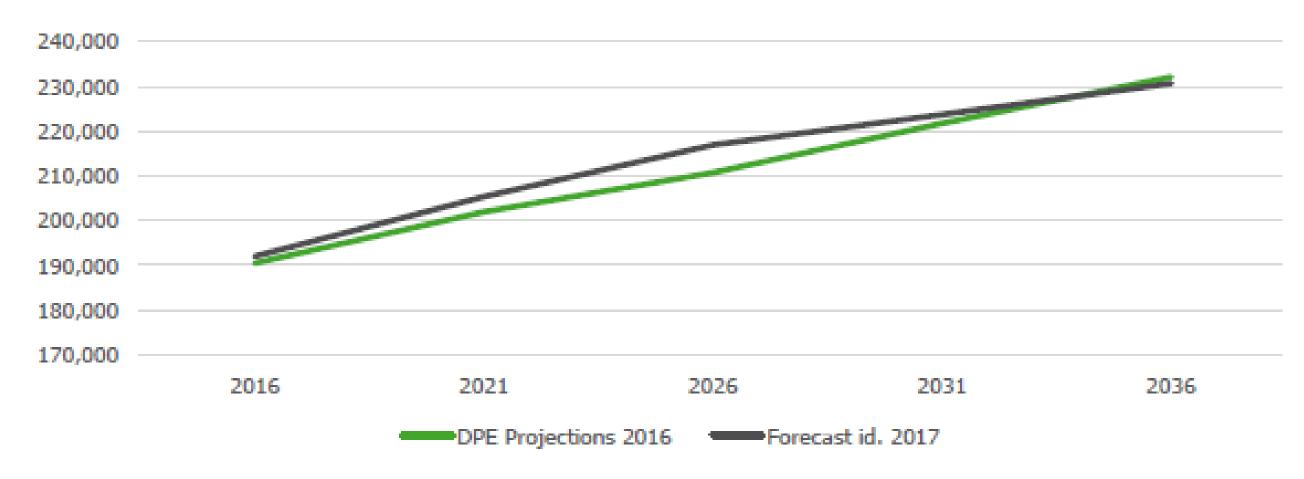


Table 5 DPE Population projections for Inner West and nearby LGAs

LGAs	Inner West	City of Sydney	City of Canada Bay	City of Canterbury Bankstown	Eastern City District
2016	190,500	212,550	90,850	360,350	1,013,200
2021	201,950	245,000	95,200	391,350	1,105,900
2026	210,700	267,500	103,900	426,900	1,176,500
2031	221,700	292,350	113,600	464,950	1,259,550
2036	232,100	315,200	122,900	502,850	1,338,050
Total Change	41,600	102,650	32,050	142,500	415,150
Total % Change	21.8%	48.3%	35.3%	39.5%	31.0%
Annual % Change	1.1%	2.4%	1.8%	2.0%	1.6%



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Why a Housing Strategy

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LGA	0–5 year housing supply target: 2016–2021
Bayside	10,150
Burwood	2,600
Canada Bay	2,150
Inner West	5,900
Randwick	2,250
Strathfield	3,650
City of Sydney	18,300
Waverley	1,250
Woollahra	300
Eastern City District Total	46,550

To guide housing development to meet the needs of the population into the future

To meet the requirements of the Eastern City District Plan:

- Identify areas of character and heritage
- Identify capacity to contribute to the Districts 20-year growth projections

Provide a modest targeted growth approach

- Inform Affordable Housing Target Schemes
- Align infrastructure provision with anticipated growth



Why a Housing Strategy

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- IWC to expect an additional 42,000 residents by 2036 (+22%)
- Plan for ageing population, workers, increasing families and students
- Lifestyle and economics: more people want to live close to jobs, services and public transport
- Accommodate this growth in a planned and sustainable manner
- Plan for needs such as housing choice, diversity, design quality and affordable housing



Evidence Base Studies

Plan for Affordable Housing

1762

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6,500 of 75,000

INNER WEST HOUSEHOLDS EXPERIENCED HOUSING STRESS (2016) HOUSING STRESS >

IN CAMPERDOWN, NEWTOWN, ASHFIELD AND SUMMER HILL AROUND

3.7%

HOUSEHOLDS LIVE IN SOCIAL HOUSING < NSW-WIDE WHICH = 5% **21**%

STUDENTS IN HOUSING STRESS (2016) Need to develop planning controls that support the provision of affordable housing, and advocate for social housing

16%

OF PEOPLE FROM CULTURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY DIVERSE BACKGROUNDS IN HOUSING STRESS (ESP. THOSE WHO ARRIVED IN LAST 11 YEARS) (2016) **21**%

OF ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDERS IN HOUSING STRESS (2016) **1,800**

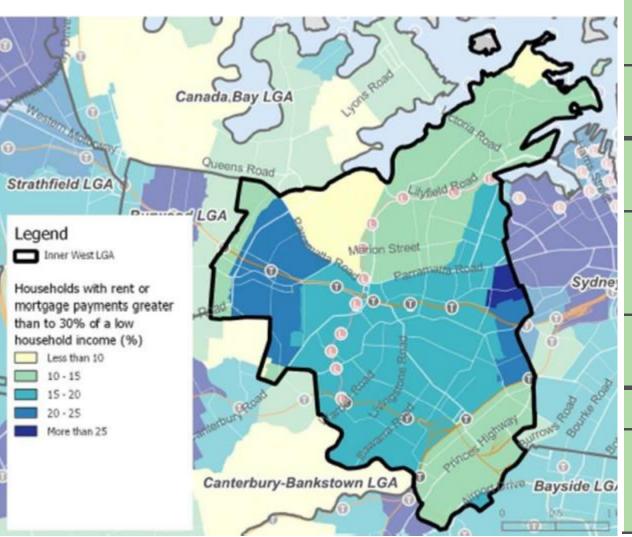
PEOPLE HOMELESS (2016) \$1.28M MEDIAN SALE PRICE

\$458 p/w

MEDIAN RENTAL PRICE FOR A ONE-BEDROOM HOME

Estimated homeless

2019



Estimate of affordable 2016 2019 2021 2026 2031 2036 residential accommodation to address housing need

Total households in housing stress

Total Households with 8198 8444 8485 8895 9305 9715 unmet need for affordable housing¹

Additional affordable 0 124 0 0 0 0 housing²

Estimated Supply Gap 8198 8321 8485 8895 9305 9715

Annual affordable 571

housing supply gap from

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What Happens if we do nothing?

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- IWC will have less control over planning and housing growth:
 - State Government may set housing targets and locations
 - Private proposals outside of an adopted strategic direction
 - Less control to direct new housing in the right locations
- Cannot adequately plan for housing that meets the needs of the population
- Difficult to plan for required infrastructure
- Design quality is likely to be compromised



Evidence Base Studies

Housing Vision, Priority and Principles

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VISION ELEMENT

RESPECTING OUR HISTORY, CULTURE AND CHARACTER

PRIORITY

We respect and value the culture, history and character of our communities.

RETAINING INCLUSIVE COMMUNITIES AND FAIR ACCESS TO HOUSING We are a network of diverse communities sharing values of inclusiveness, acceptance and fairness.

PRINCIPLES

PRINCIPLE 1: Ensure the cultural, historical and spiritual significance of landscapes, sites, waterways, customs and traditions that Aboriginal communities wish to conserve are protected and maintained when planning for housing development.

PRINCIPLE 2: Accommodate housing growth through a range of sensitive infill compatible with heritage values and local character – enabling areas to evolve with respect.

PRINCIPLE 3: Provide for a diverse mix of housing typologies, sizes and tenures that cater to the needs of people at all stages of their lives.

PRINCIPLE 4: Start to close the affordability gap between housing need and supply for very low, low-income and moderate-income households.



Evidence Base Studies

Housing Vision, Priority and Principles

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VISION ELEMENT

PRIORITY

PRINCIPLES

PROVIDING CONNECTED
NEIGHBOURHOODS

As neighbourhoods grow and change, people remain easily and freely connected with one another, and have universal access to their activities.

PRINCIPLE 5: Locate the majority of new housing opportunities in areas that are within a 10-minute walk of centres, transport and services, supporting their vibrancy and aligning with infrastructure provision and growth.

ENSURING HIGH QUALITY HOUSING DESIGN 'Our Place Inner West' includes quality housing that contributes positively to residents' quality of life and surrounding public spaces.

PRINCIPLE 6: Design quality housing and surrounding public spaces to maximise amenity, safety and security for residents and provide a positive contribution to its neighbourhood.

HOUSING IS DESIGNED FOR ECOLOGICAL SUSTAINABILITY We support a community that reduces its carbon footprint and protects and supports natural ecosystems.

PRINCIPLE 7: Homes are designed to be ecologically sustainable, supporting Council's aim of zero net carbon emissions by 2050, improved water sensitivity, increasing biodiversity and zero waste.



Evidence Base Studies

Current Dwellings in the Inner West

<u>Preliminaries</u>

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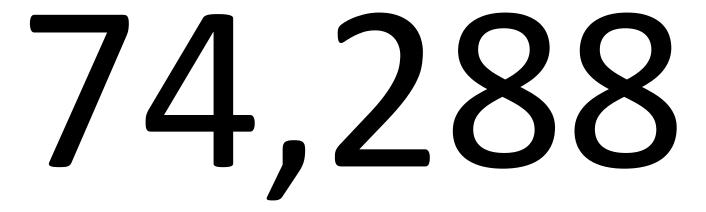
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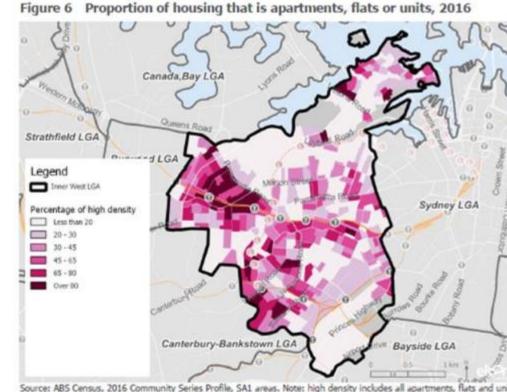
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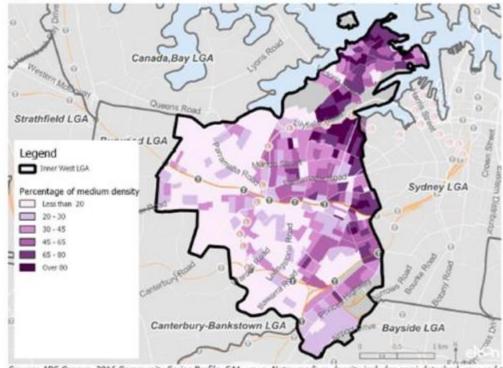
in 2016 census

~ 78,000 today



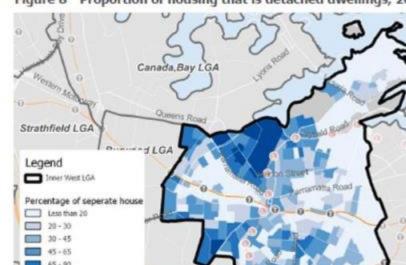
Source: ABS Census, 2016 Community Series Profile, SA1 areas. Note: high density includes all apartments, flats an

Figure 7 Proportion of housing that is medium density, 2016



Source: ABS Census, 2016 Community Series Profile, SA1 areas. Note: medium density includes semi-detached, row and terrace
Figure 8 Proportion of housing that is detached dwellings, 2016

Sydney LGA



Evidence Base Studies

Capacity to grow under current controls

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Table 15 Theoretical dwelling capacity, projected conversion rate, dwelling production and undersupply or oversupply analysis to 2036 per zone (with the exception of Victoria Road Precinct and Petersham RSL accounted for in Planning Proposals)

Capacity und	er current plan	nning controls	Dwelling production rate	Projected use	of capacity in	timeframes id	dentified in th	e Eastern City	District Plan
Zone	Overall theoretical capacity	Projected dwelling conversion 70% of total capacity except R2 Low Density where 35 % assumed, 5% of capacity allocated to non-market dwellings	Average yearly production based on dwelling approvals 2015 - 2018 66% of rate (as agreed with Council)	Expected dwelling production rate 2019 -2021 2 years of production rate assumed	Remaining capacity post 2021 (or insufficient)	Expected dwelling production rate 2021- 2026	Remaining capacity post 2026 (or insufficient)	Expected dwelling production (if sufficient supply 2026 - 2036)	Remaining capacity post 2036 (or insufficient)
R1	2,078	1,382	115	230	1152	574	578	578	0
R2	5,882	2,059	110	220	1839	550	1289	1100	189
R3	161	107	54	107	0	0	0	0	0
R4	443	295	157	295	0		0	0	0
B1 + Area 1	817	543	34	67	476	168	308	308	0
B2	2,320	1,543	212	423	1120	1058	61	61	0
B3	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
B4 + Area 1	4,400	2,926	115	231	2695	576	2119	1153	966
B5	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
B6	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
B7	158	111	10	21	90	52	38	38	0
Other non-mai		1,416	227	453	962	962	0	0	0
Total projected	d residential	10,380	1033	2047					



Evidence Base Studies

Existing Dwelling Capacity

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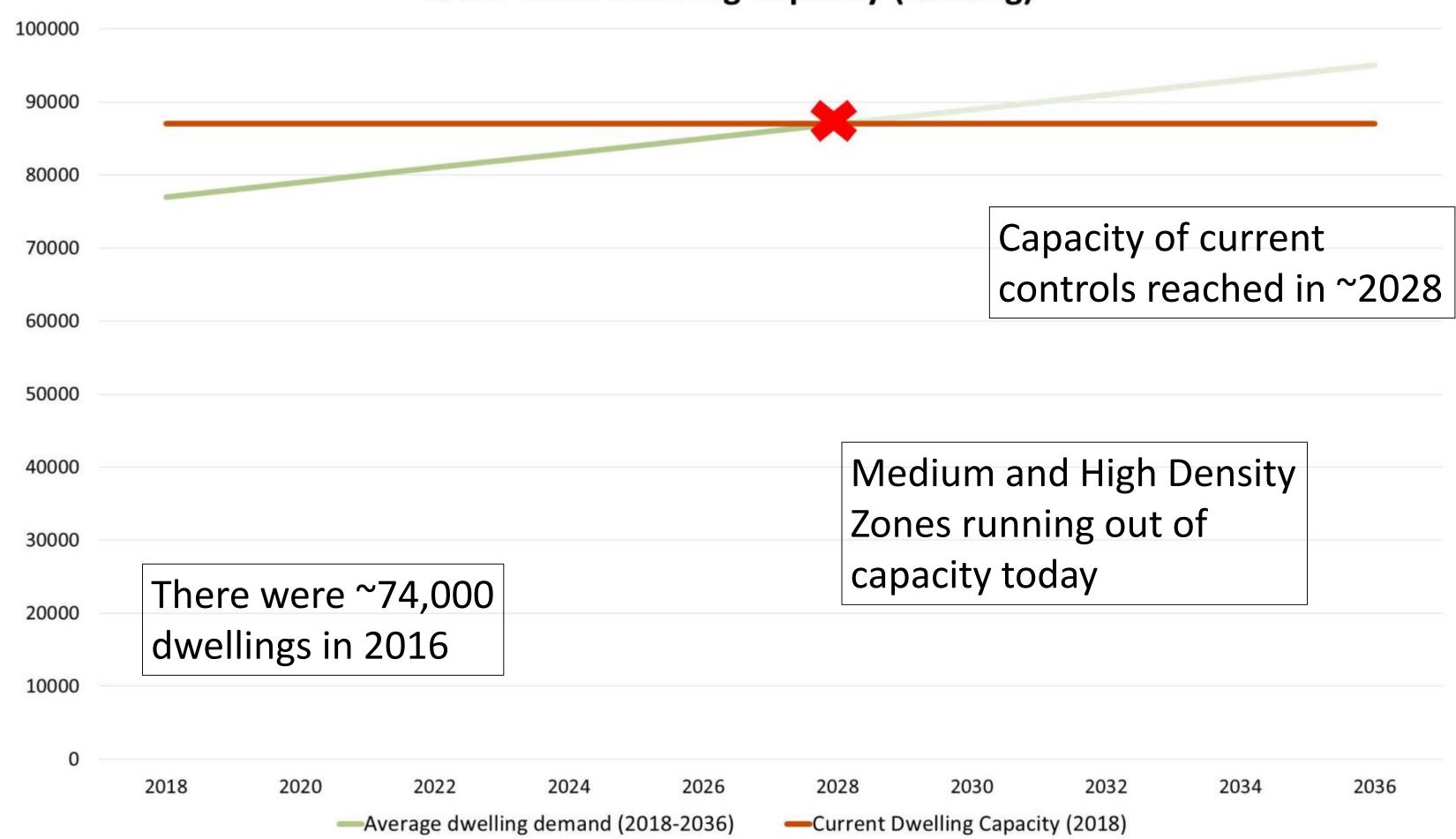
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Inner West Dwelling Capacity (existing)





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Identifying Opportunities

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Figure 26 Flood impacted land in the Inner West

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Figure 23 ANEF 25 profile limiting development

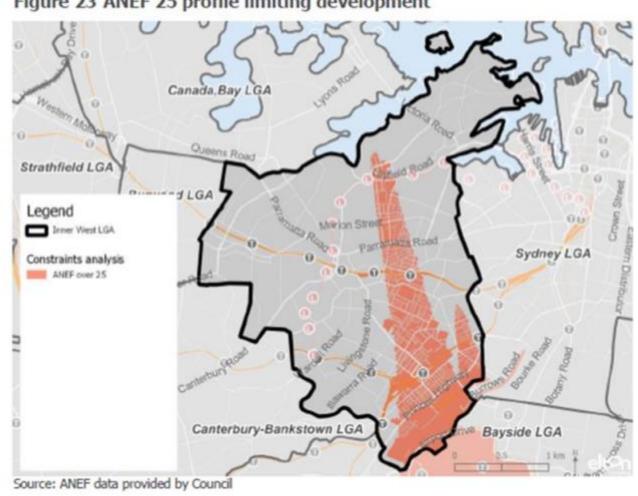
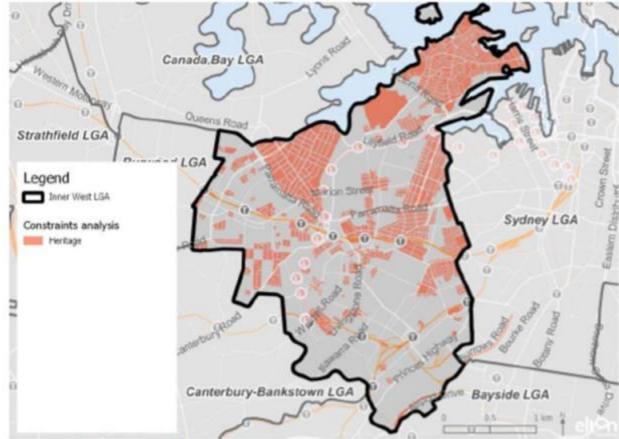
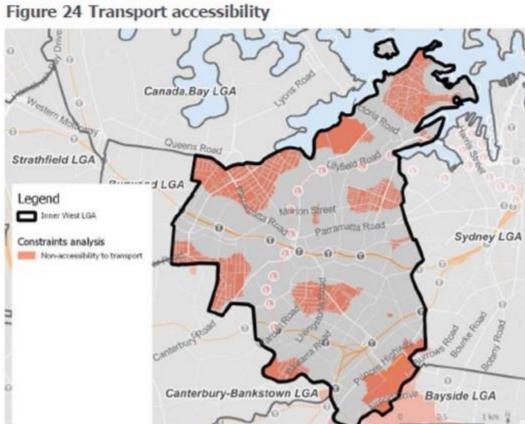


Figure 21 Heritage Conservation Areas constraints mapping



Source: Heritage data provided by Council

Source: Flooding data provided by Council



Source: Transport for NSW, analysis by Elton Consulting

Figure 22 Zoning not suitable for residential purposes (unless scheduled for residential purposes)

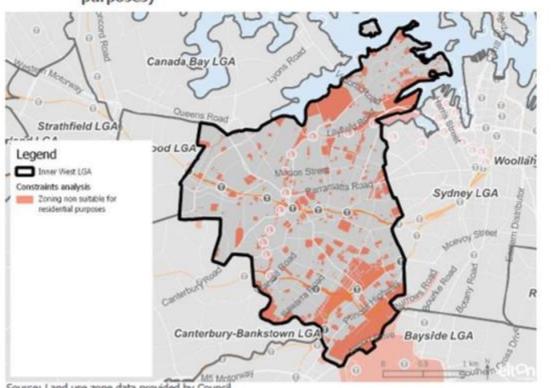


Figure 25 Open space accessibility Canada Bay LGA Strathfield LGA ood LG Legend Woollah Inner West LGA Constraints analysis Sydney LGA Non-accessibility to open space Suburbs with low sam of council NOT Stroop owned open space per person Canterbury-Bankstown LG Bayside LGA

Source: Office of Government Architect, analysis by Elton Consulting



Evidence Base Studies

Approach to Opportunities

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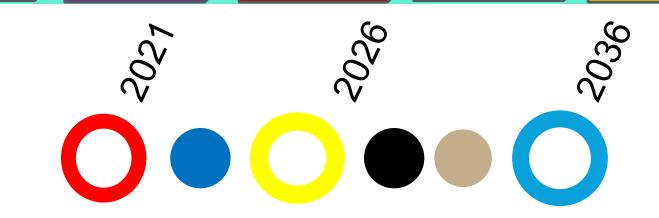
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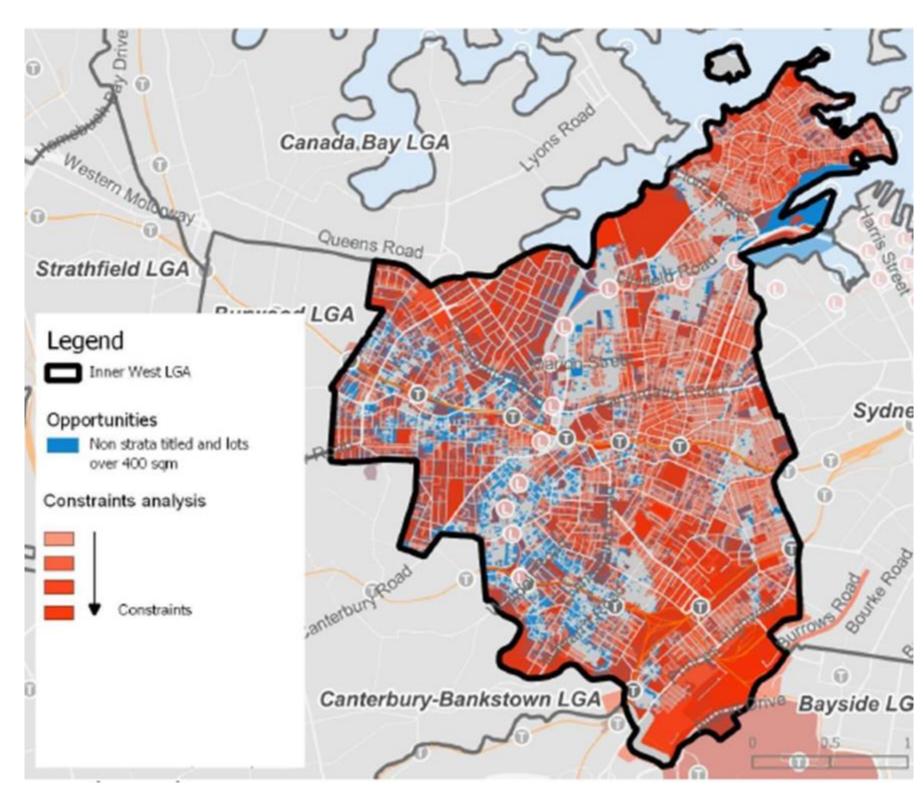
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MODEST TARGETED GROWTH APPROACH

- 20 year approach long term strategy
- Concentrate development within existing centres and around transport nodes
- Place based planning will refine potential population growth in different places
- Some natural growth elsewhere;
- Subject to provision of state infrastructure, such as Parramatta Road;
- Sensitive approach to encourage local growth.







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Investigation Areas from 2019

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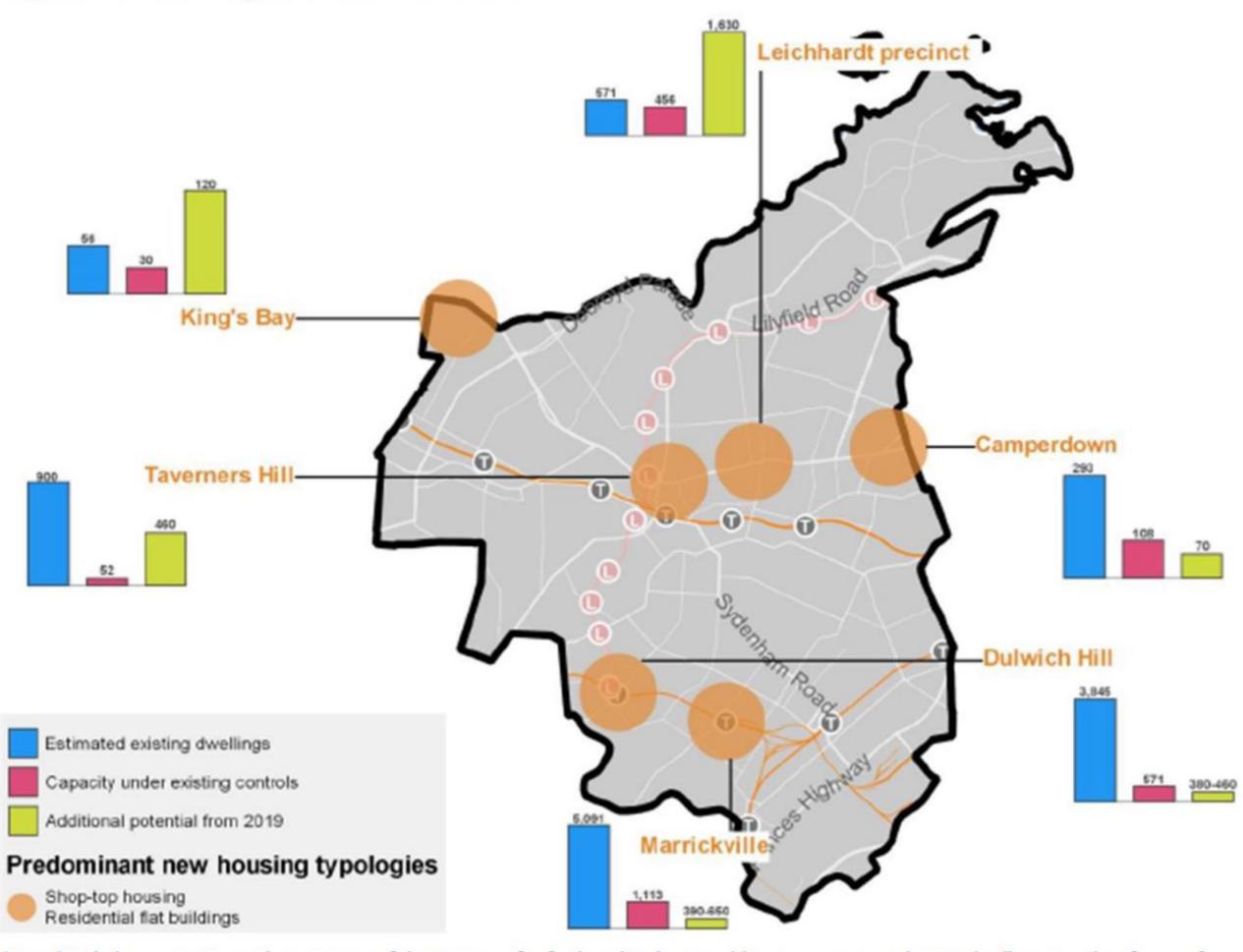
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Figure 15 Investigation Areas from 2019



^{*}See detailed opportunity analysis section of the Strategy for further details. In addition, approximately 700 dwellings in other forms of residential accommodation are also projected to be delivered across the LGA (e.g. student accommodation, boarding rooms, etc) from 2019 to





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Investigation Areas from 2026

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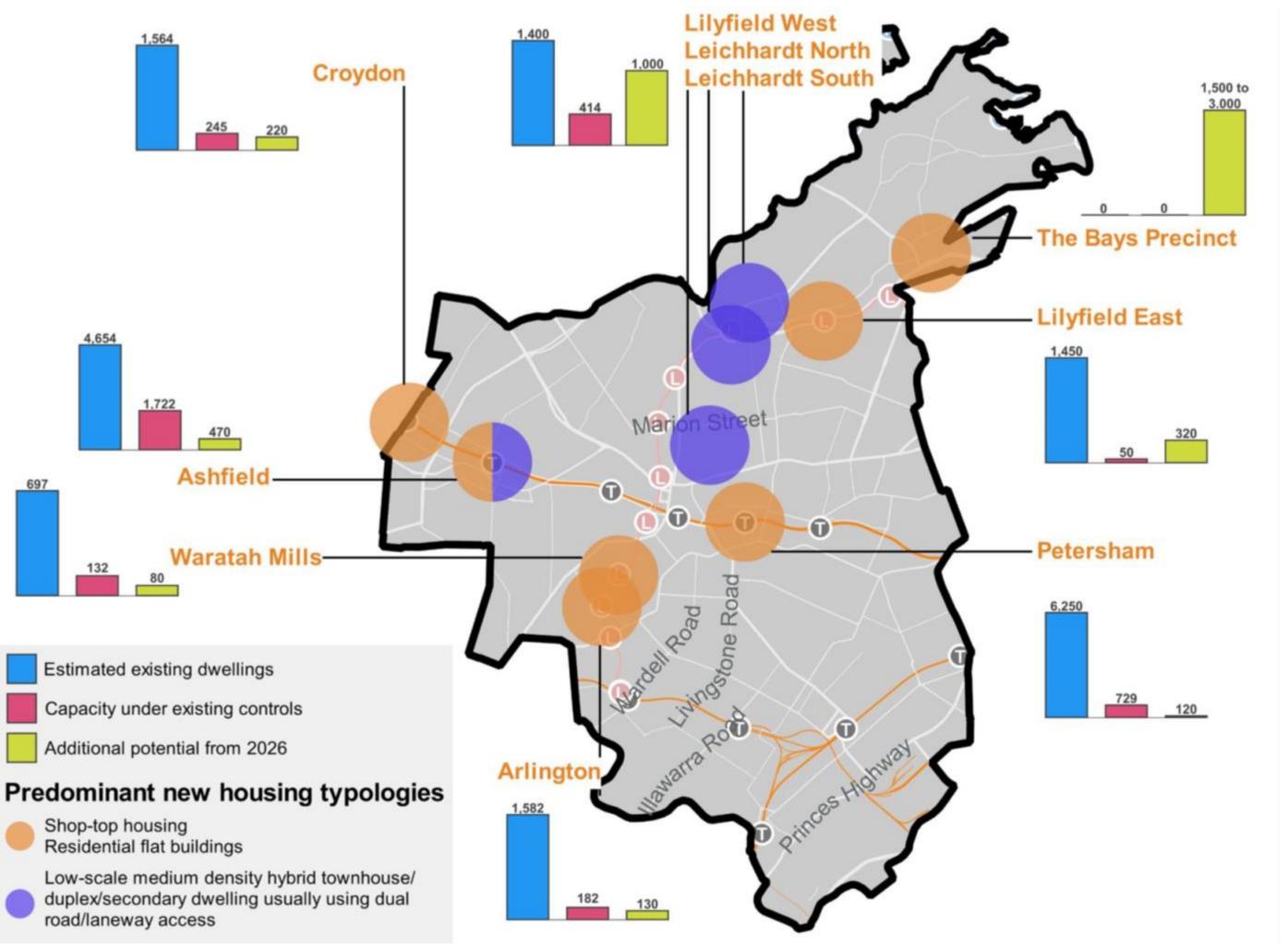
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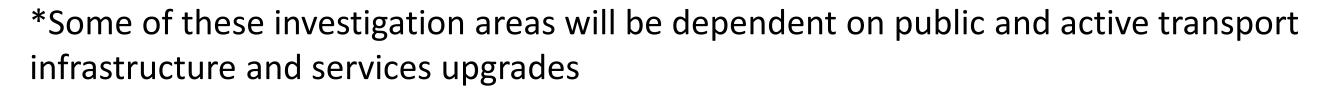
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Indicative Dwelling Capacity (2021-2036)

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SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY ADDITIONAL DWELLING PROJECTIONS

Timeframe for delivery	Preliminary additional dwelling projections	Our Place Inner West Housing Strategy likely achieves the projections	NSW Government housing expectations
0-5 years (2016-2021)	+5,900	>7,500	Eastern City District Plan met and likely exceeded
6-10 years (2021-2026)	+5,000	BETWEEN 9,000 TO	OPE implied dwelling production requirements met
10-20 years (2026-2036)	+10,000	20,000*	OPE implied dwelling production requirements met

^{*} Refined by place-based studies



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Future Additional Dwelling Capacity (2021 – 2036)

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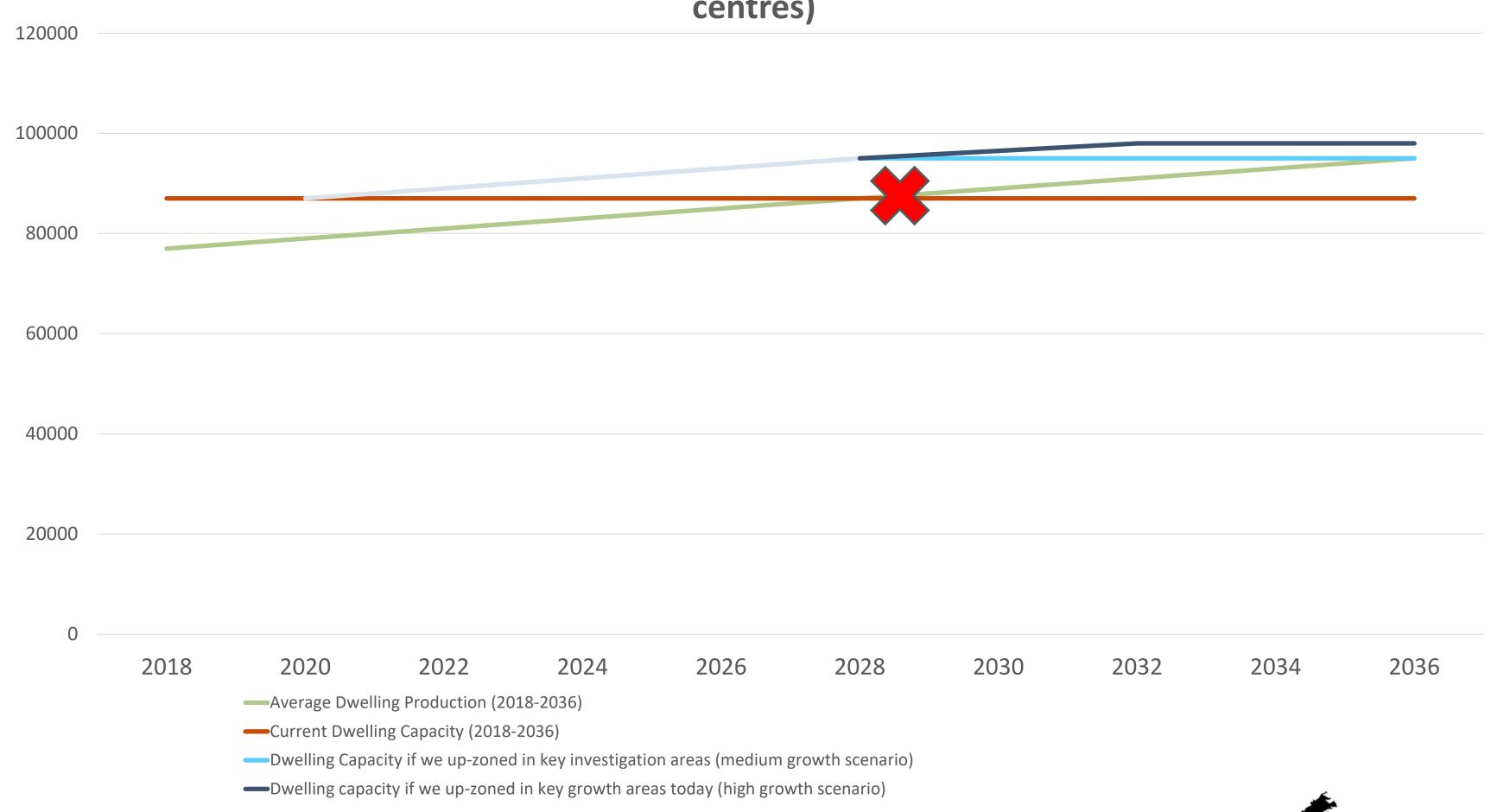
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Inner West Dwelling Capacity (If we gradually up-zone land around key centres)





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Dwelling Projections

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0 – 5 years	6 – 10 years	10 – 20 years
(2016-2021)	(2021-2026)	(2026-2036)
5,900 Target expected to be	5,000	10,000
met		

- Projections based on dwelling production rate of 1,000 dwellings per year in line with IWC longer term growth rate and DPE's dwelling projections;
- Projections are discounted from the average rate of dwellings approved or constructed over the last 3 years (1,600 dwellings per year);
- Recognise that peak market conditions cannot be sustained in the long term;
- Variables outside of Council's control will impact dwelling production including economic factors, housing market conditions and infrastructure delivery



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Affordable Housing Actions

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Measures to work towards addressing the gap in affordable housing provision

- Review Councils Affordable Housing Policy
- Inclusionary Zoning

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- Wider application of Affordable Housing Contribution Scheme
- Land Value Capture levy to pay for affordable housing
- Voluntary Planning Agreements
- Density Bonuses
- Measures to reduce the cost of dwellings for affordable housing
- Innovative Design and Construction
- Innovation in Delivery Models
- Possible special rate levy

571 affordable dwelling per year required to bridge gap by 2036

That's over half of all dwellings if only ~1000 added per year



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Important Considerations

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We've discussed how much and where, but the 'what' is just as important:

- Maintain character of local centres
- > Provision of supporting transport and other infrastructure
 - e.g. Parramatta Rd Strategy reliant on it
- > High quality design of buildings and apartments
- > Sustainable building design
- Water Sensitive Urban Design
- Open space
 - enough to support and/or how to provide more
- ➤ Housing Diversity range of housing types
- ➤ Housing Choice ability to live in different housing types
- Housing Affordability and provision of affordable and social housing

